

## **Between Now and 2030:**

# A statistical overview of progress towards the Sustainable Development Goals in the Arab region







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## Between Now and 2030: A statistical overview of progress towards the Sustainable Development Goals in the Arab region



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### Introduction

Planning and implementing effective policies in a region that has been characterized by instability and conflict for the past two decades is challenging to say the least. Moreover, the COVID-19 pandemic has not only hampered development efforts, increased poverty and burdened health systems in many countries, it has also halted data production crucial to monitoring development progress and the impact of policies.

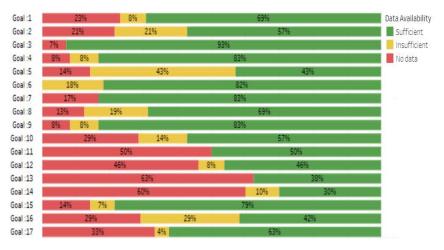
Under the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, one decade is left to push development and compile much needed evidence to measure progress, stagnation and setbacks. The present report entitled "Between now and 2030: A statistical overview of progress towards the Sustainable Development Goals in the Arab region", implemented under the tenth tranch of the United Nations Development Account project on statistics and data, provides an overview of the Arab region's progress in each of the 17 Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).

It highlights where the region now stands from 2030 with a 2000 baseline,. It also focuses on progress under the three prisms of poverty, gender equality and climate. The present report stresses the importance of data availability and their impact on planning processes. It provides a detailed assessment of latest data and the progress of available indicators for each SDG compared with well-performing regions and the world to highlight where the Arab region stands and how it has achieved.

## Is data availability an issue in the Arab region and how is unavailability impacting planning processes?

Investing in strengthening country information systems to improve data timeliness could have a significant positive impact on countries' capacity to monitor progress towards the SDGs. Accurate, timely and comparable statistics are essential for understanding socioeconomic and environmental trends. Decision makers require such information to develop appropriate policies, allocate resources, and prioritize interventions.

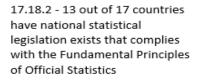




For almost all Arab countries, nearly half of the SDG indicators have no data. Data gaps and lags prevent policymakers from truly understanding who is being included or left behind, so as to take timely and appropriate action. Moreover, existing SDG indicators address a broad range of socioeconomic and environmental aspects, but do not capture the breadth of population-related outcomes and determinants. Countries should therefore make an effort to monitor additional indicators aligned to their national context.

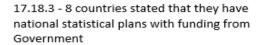
National statistical offices are often trapped in a vicious cycle of statistical underdevelopment, where limited awareness and appreciation of the importance of data has led to sustained underfunding for statistics.

There is an urgent need to intensify efforts to develop national statistical plans, increase government funding, modernize national statistical legislation in line with the Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics, and improve registration of deaths and births.





17.19.2- 13 countries have conducted at least one population and housing census in the last 10 years





17.19.2- 12 countries out of 17 stated that their birth registration data that are at least 90 percent complete



17.18.3- 14 countries out of 19 with national statistical plans that are under implementation



17.19.2- 10 countries out of 17 stated that their death registration data that are at least 75 percent complete (1=YES\_, 0=NO)



## Where does the Arab region currently stand at the SDG level?

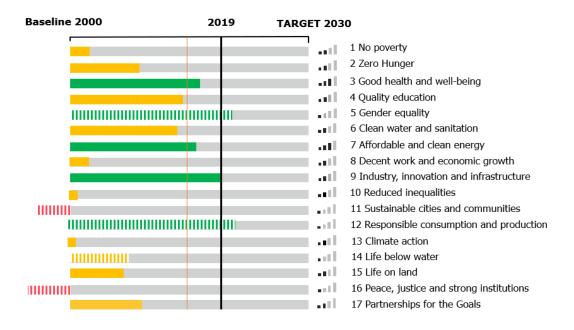
The Arab region must accelerate efforts and improve data availability for all 17 Goals to achieve the 2030 Agenda. Assessments of regional progress indicates decent progress on SDGs related to health and affordable and clean energy, including industry, innovation and infrastructure.

The region is also making some progress in Goals related to hunger, education, clean water and sanitation, life on land, and partnerships for the SDGs. Goals on poverty, decent work and economic growth, reduced inequalities and climate action have witnessed very slow improvement or have been stagnant. There is great concern regarding the regression taking place under the Goals on sustainable cities and communities, and on peace, justice and strong institutions.

There is an overall weakness of data availability for many Goals, especially those related to gender equality; responsible consumption and production; life below water; sustainable cities and communities; and peace, justice and strong institutions.

Progress
Stagnant

Regression



### Methodology

The average progress for each Goal is normalized on a scale of 0 to 10. The distance from the farthest left point on each bar to 2019 is considered 'unfinished business'. The grey shade on the bar represents additional progress needed to achieve the 2030 targets.

Owing to a lack of data for some Goals, the results should be interpreted with caution.

## Where does the Arab region currently stand at the target level?

Of the 169 SDG targets, the Arab region is "on track" in 29 targets, and "in progress" on 31 targets.

However, the course of progress on each target may change as more data are made available to provide accurate measures.

Data availability is still a major concern in the region. Many indicators remain unavailable, even in well-developed statistical systems, and disaggregation by sex, age, income level, and other characteristics remains weak. Around half of the indicators are not available in most Arab countries.

This impedes policymaking and limits efforts to leave no one behind. Consequently, further investment in improving data quality is crucial for the full implementation of the 2030 Agenda in the region.

### GOAL 1

1.1	Extreme poverty
1.4	Access to basic services
1.3	Social protection
1.2	National poverty
1.5	Resilience to disasters
1.a	Resources for poverty program:
1.b	Poverty eradication policies

### GOAL 2

2.a	Investment in agriculture
2.1	Undernourishment and food secur
2.2	Malnutrition
2.3	Small-scale food producers
2.4	Sustainable agriculture
2.5	Genetic resources for agriculture
2.b	Agricultural export subsidies
2.0	Food price anomalies

### GOAL 3

3.1	Maternal mortality
3.2	Child mortality
3.3	Communicable diseases
3.5	Substance abuse
3.9	Health impact of pollution
3.Ь	R&D for health
3.4	NCD & mental health
3.6	Road traffic accident
3.7	Sexual & reproductive health
3.8	Universal health coverage
3.a	Tobacco Control
3.c	Health financing & workforce
3.d	Management of health risks

### GOAL 4

4.a	Education facilities
4.0	Qualified teachers
4.1	Effective learning outcomes
4.2	Early childhood development
4.4	Skills for employment
4.5	Equal access to education
4.3	TVET & tertiary education
4.6	Adult literacy & numeracy
4.7	Sustainable development educatio
4.b	Scholarships

### GOAL 5

5.Ь	Technology for women empowerment
5.5	Women in leadership
5.1	Discrimination against women & girls
5.2	Violence against women & girls
5.3	Early marriage
5.4	Unpaid care and domestic work
5.6	Reproductive health access & rights
5.a	Equal economic rights
5.c	Gender equality policies

### GOAL 6

6.1	Safe drinking water
6.b	Participatory water & sanitation mgm
6.2	Adequate to sanitation & hygiene
6.4	Water-use efficiency
6.3	Water quality
6.5	Transboundary water cooperation
6.6	Water-related ecosystems
6.a	Int. cooperation on water & sanitation

### GOAL 7

7.1	Access to energy services
7.3	Energy efficiency
7.2	Share of renewable energy
7.a	Int. cooperation on energy
7.b	Investing in energy infrastructure

### GOAL 8

8.4	Material resource efficiency
8.8	Labour rights & safe working env
8.10	Access to financial services
8.1	Per capita economic growth
8.2	Economic productivity & innovatio
8.5	Full employment & decent work
8.3	Formalization of SMEs
8.6	Youth NEET
8.7	Child & forced labour
8.9	Sustainable tourism
8.a	Aid for Trade
8.6	Strategy for youth employment

### GOAL 9

9.4	Sustainable & clean industries
9.5	Research and development
9.b	Domestic technology development
9.0	Access to iICT & the internet
9.2	Sustainable/inclusive industrialization
9.1	Infrastructure development
9.3	Small-scale industries access to finance
9.a	Resilient infrastructure

### GOAL 10

10.2	Inclusion (social, economic & politica
10.4	Fiscal & social protection policies
10.5	Regulation of financial markets
10.a	Special & differential treatment (WTO
10.c	Remittance costs
10.1	Income growth (bottom 40%)
10.3	Eliminate discrimination
10.6	Inclusive global governance
10.7	Safe migration & mobility
10.b	Resource flows for development

### GOAL 11

11.1	Housing & basic services
11.5	Resilience to disasters
11.b	Disaster risk management policie:
11.2	Public transport systems
11.3	Sustainable urbanization
11.4	Cultural & natural heritage
11.6	Urban air quality & waste mgmt
11.7	Urban green & public spaces
11.a	Urban planning
11.c	Sustainable & resilient buildings

### GOAL 12

12.2	Sustainable use of natural resources
12.c	Fossil-fuel subsidies
12.4	Managing chemicals & wastes
12.1	Programmes on SCP
12.3	Food waste & losses
12.5	Reduction in waste generation
12.6	Corporate sustainable practices
12.7	Public procurement practices
12.8	Sustainable development awareness
12.a	Support for R&D capacity for SD
40.5	Constitution of the second sec

### GOAL 13

13.1	Resilience & adaptive capacity
13.2	Climate change policies
13.3	Climate change awareness
13.a	UNFCCC commitments
13 h	Climate change planning & moret

### GOAL 14

14.5	Conservation of coastal areas
14.1	Marine pollution
14.2	■ Marine & coastal ecosystems
14.3	Ocean acidification
14.4	Sustainable fishing
14.6	Fisheries subsidies
14.7	Marine resources for SIDS & LDCs
14.a	Research capacity & marine technology
14.b	Small-scale artisanal fishing
14.c	Implementing UNCLOS

### GOAL 15

15.6	Utilization of genetic resource
15.1	Terrestrial & freshwater ecosystems
15.2	Sustainable forests management
15.4	Conservation of mountain ecosystems
15.5	Loss of biodiversity
15.3	Desertification and land degradation
15.7	Protected species trafficking
15.8	Invasive alien species
15.9	Biodiversity in national & local planning
15.a	Resources for biodiversity & ecosystems
15.b	Resources for forest management
15.c	Protected species trafficking (global)

### GOAL 16

16.a	Capacity to prevent violence
16.3	Justice for all
16.1	Reduction of violence & related death
16.2	Human trafficking
16.6	Effective institutions
16.10	Public access to information
16.4	Illicit financial & arms flows
16.5	Corruption and bribery
16.7	Inclusive decision-making
16.8	Inclusive global governance
16.9	Legal identity
16.b	Non-discriminatory laws

### GOAL 17

17.4	Debt sustainability
17.8	Capacity building for ICT
17.19	Statistical capacity
17.6	Science and tech int. cooperation
17.10	Multilateral trading system (WTO)
17.12	Duty-free market access for LDCs
17.1	Tax & other revenue collection
17.3	Additional financial resources
17.2	ODA commitment by dev
17.5	Investment promotion for LDCs
17.7	Transfer of technologies
17.9	Capacity building for SDGs
17.11	Exports of developing countries
17.13	Global macroeconomic stability
17.14	Policy coherence for SD
17.15	Respect country's policy space
17.16	Global partnership for SD
17.17	Partnerships (public, private, CSO)
17.18	National statistics availability





## Where does the Arab region currently stand in terms of poverty, gender and climate?

The Arab region is not on track to achieve the SDGs. While a few targets have already been met at the regional level, others are only achievable with structural change across social, economic, political, cultural and environmental dimensions, requiring a regional transformation in the approach to development.

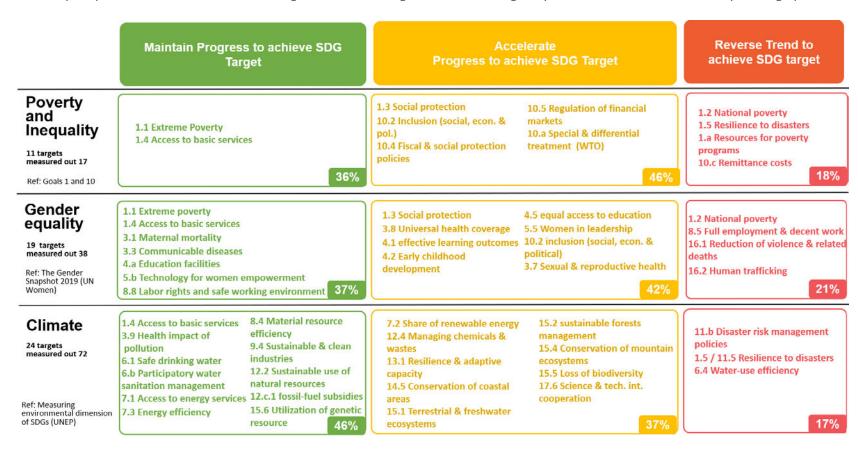
Poverty and inequality are on the rise in the Arab region. Faster progress is needed for 91 per cent of the measured SDG targets. The region has only reduced international poverty. Owing to the COVID-19 crisis, the regional economy is expected to shrink by more than 5 per cent, with millions pushed down the economic ladder. However, the COVID-19 crisis offers an opportunity for a green and inclusive recovery, more inclusive social protection systems, and an overhaul of development planning across the different dimensions of sustainable development.

More than two thirds of the measured targets under the gender equality themes will not be met unless progress accelerates. Women's political and economic participation remain limited owing to discriminatory laws and social norms. Investing in women and girls and achieving gender equality are critical to achieving the 2030 Agenda in the region. Moreover, trends need to be reversed on three gender equality targets: sexual and reproductive health, full employment and decent work, and human trafficking.

Around 26 per cent of the measured gender equality targets would be achieved by 2030 at rate of progress measured before the COVID-19 pandemic, including reductions in international poverty, maternal mortality and communicable diseases.

More than half of the measured targets under the climate theme will not be met unless progress accelerates. Trends need to be reversed on four climate targets: resilience to disasters, share of renewable energy, managing chemicals and wastes, and loss of biodiversity.

Many Arab countries are investing in climate adaptation and diversification of their economies. However, the region must strengthen the science-policy interface to tackle climate change, and better integrate climate change impact and risk assessments into planning systems.



## How is the Arab region performing compared with well\* performing regions and the world?

The present section sets out progress in the Arab region under each Goal. Each SDG target with available data indicators for the Arab region is compared with a well-performing region and the world. Comparing between regions provides insight into regional performance as per latest data and progress made since 2000. Trends in green boxes represent progress achieved, and red boxes represent regression. Proxy/additional indicators are also included, where available, to provide a more comprehensive picture under each Goal and target.



### SDG 1 End to poverty in all its forms

### 1.1.1 Proportion of population below international poverty line

### Extreme poverty



1.1 By 2030, eradicate extreme poverty for all people everywhere, currently measured as people living on less than \$1.90 a day

### Arab region

6% of population was living on less than 1.90\$ a day in 2015

### Europe

1% of population was living on less than 1.90\$ a day in 2015

10% of population was living on less than 1.90\$ a day in 2015

World

### 1.1.1 Employed population below international poverty line

### Working poor



1.1 By 2030, eradicate extreme poverty for all people everywhere, currently measured as people living on less than \$1.90 a day

### Arab region

8% of employed female youth population was poor in 2019

11% of employed male youth population was poor in 2019

+3% since 2000

### Latin America and the Caribbean

2% of employed female youth population was poor in 2019

3% of employed male youth population was poor in 2019

### World

13% of employed female youth population was poor in 2019

13% of employed male youth population was poor in 2019

#### 1.2x Adult illiteracy rate Adult illiteracy Arab region Latin America and the World Caribbean 1.2 By 2030, reduce at least by half the 33% of female population 17% of female proportion of men, women was illiterate in 2018 7% of female population population was illiterate in and children of all ages was illiterate in 2018 2018 living in poverty in all its 18% of male population dimensions 6% of male population was illiterate in 2018 10% of male was illiterate in 2018 population was illiterate in 2018 -2% since 2000 -2% since 2000 1.3x Proportion of vulnerable employment of total employment Vulnerable Arab region **European Union** World employment 25% of population was in 45% of population was in 11% of population was in 1.3 By 2030 achieve vulnerable employment in 2019 vulnerable employment in 2019 vulnerable employment in substantial coverage of the 2019 poor and the vulnerable -1% since 2000 -1% since 2000 -1% since 2000 1.4.1 Proportion of population using basic drinking water services Arab region **Drinking water** Europe World services 89% of population was with 99% of population was with 90% of population was 1.4 By 2030, ensure access to basic drinking water access to basic drinking water with access to basic that all men and women, in drinking water services in services in 2017 services in 2017 particular the poor and the 2017 vulnerable, have equal access to basic services +1% since 2000 0.02% since 2000 +1% since 2000

### 1.4.1 Proportion of population using basic sanitation services **Basic sanitation** Arab region **Europe** World services 83% of population was with 96% of population was with 73% of population was 1.4 By 2030, ensure access to basic sanitation access to basic sanitation with access to basic that all men and women, in services in 2017 sanitation services in 2017 services in 2017 particular the poor and the vulnerable, have equal access to basic services 1.4x Proportion of employment in agriculture of total employment **Employment in** Arab region **European Union** World agriculture 1.4 By 2030, ensure that all men and women 9% of females were 3% of females were 28% of females have equal rights to employed in agriculture in 2019 employed in agriculture in 2019 were employed in ownership and control over agriculture in 2019 land and other forms of 12% of males were 5% of males were property, new technology employed in agriculture in 2019 employed in agriculture in 2019 and financial services, 29% of males were employed in agriculture in including microfinance 2019

-3% since 2000

-3% since 2000

-2% since 2000



## **SDG 2** End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture

#### 2.1.1 Prevalence of undernourishment Undernourishment Arab region Europe World 13% of population was 3% of population was 11% of population was 2.1 By 2030, end undernourished in 2018 undernourished in 2018 undernourished in 2018 hunger and ensure access to safe, nutritious and sufficient food +0.1% since 2000 0% since 2000 -2% since 2000 2.1.2 Prevalence of moderate or severe food insecurity Moderate or severe Arab region Europe World food insecurity 8% of population was facing 33% of population was facing 25% of population was 2.1 By 2030, end facing moderate or severe moderate or severe food moderate or severe food hunger and ensure access to insecurity in 2017 insecurity in 2017 food insecurity in 2017 safe, nutritious and sufficient food +4% since 2015 -4% since 2015 +3% since 2015 2.1.2 Prevalence of severe food insecurity Severe food Arab region Europe World insecurity 12% of population was facing 1% of population was facing 9% of population was 2.1 By 2030, end severe food insecurity in 2017 severe food insecurity in 2017 facing severe food hunger and ensure access to insecurity in 2017 safe, nutritious and sufficient -9% since 2015 +3% since 2015 food +3% since 2015

2.2.1 Proportion of children moderately or severely stunted				
Stunted children  Stunted children	2 By 2030, end all forms of malnutrition, including achieving, by 2025, the internationally agreed targets on stunting and wasting in children under 5	Arab region 19% of children were moderately or severely stunted in 2019	North America 3% of children were moderately or severely stunted in 2019	World 21% of children were moderately or severely stunted in 2019
	years of age	-2% since 2000	-1% since 2000	-2% since 2000
2.2.2 Proportion of child	lren moderately or severely over	weight		
Overweight children  Overweight children	2.2 By 2030, end all forms of malnutrition, including achieving, by 2025, the internationally agreed targets on stunting and wasting in children under 5 years of age	Arab region  9% of children were moderately or severely overweight in 2019	North America 9% of children were moderately or severely overweight in 2019	World 6% of children were moderately or severely overweight in 2019
		+1% since 2000	+1% since 2000	+1% since 2000

2.2.2 Proportion of children moderately or severely wasted				
Wasted Children  Wasted children	2.2 By 2030, end all forms of malnutrition, including achieving, by 2025, the internationally agreed targets on stunting and wasting in children under 5 years of age	Arab region 8% of children were moderately or severely wasted in 2019	North America 0% of children were moderately or severely wasted in 2019	World 7% of children were moderately or severely wasted in 2019
2.5.1 Number of plant b	reeds for which sufficient geneti	c resources are stored		
Plant breeds with genetic resources  Plant genetic resources	2.5 By 2020, maintain the genetic diversity of seeds, cultivated plants, and promote access to and fair and equitable sharing of benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources	Arab region 116 thousands plant breeds for which sufficient genetic resources were stored in 2018	Europe 1,739 thousands plant breeds for which sufficient genetic resources were stored in 2018	World 5,310 thousands plant breeds for which sufficient genetic resources were stored in 2018
	162001662	+15% since 2000	+4% since 2000	+2% since 2000
2.a.1 Agriculture orientation index for government expenditures				
Agriculture Orientation Index	2.a Increase investment, to enhance agricultural productive capacity in developing	Arab region 0.2 was the AOI for government expenditures in 2018	European Union 0.4 was the AOI for government expenditures in 2018	World 0.3 was the AOI for government expenditures in 2018
Orientation index	countries	-7% since 2001	-1% since 2001	-2% since 2001

2.ax Proportion of agric	ulture, forestry, and fishing, valu	e added as percentage of GDP		
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing  Agriculture, forestry, and fishing	2.a Increase investment, to enhance agricultural productive capacity in developing countries	Arab region 5% of value added as % of GDP in 2018	Latin America and the Caribbean 5% of value added as % of GDP in 2018	<b>World</b> 3% of value added as % of GDP in 2017
		-2% since 2000	-1% since 2000	-2% since 2000
2.c.1 Consumer Food Pr	ice Index			
Consumer Food Price Index  Consumer Food Price Index	2.c Adopt measures to facilitate timely access to market information, including on food reserves, in order to help limit extreme food price	Arab region 7% was the average food price index in 2018	<b>Europe</b> 0% was the average food price index in 2018	<b>World</b> 8% was the average food price index in 2018
	volatility	-34% since 2015	-100% since 2015	-25% since 2015



### SDG 3 Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages

### 3.1.1 Maternal mortality ratio per 100,000 live births

### Maternal mortality



3.1 By 2030 reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 100 000 live births

### Arab region

149 maternal deaths per 100,000 live births in 2017

### Latin America and the Caribbean

74 maternal deaths per 100,000 live births in 2017

### World

211 maternal deaths per 100,000 live births in 2017

-3% since 2000 -1% since 2000 -3% since 2000

### 3.1.2 Proportion of births attended by skilled health personnel per 100,000 live births

### Skilled health personnel



3.1 By 2030 reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 100 000 live births

### Arab region

90% of births were attended by skilled health personnel in 2017

+1 since 2003

### Europe

99% of births were attended by skilled health personnel in 2017

0% since 2003

### World

81% of births were attended by skilled health personnel in 2017

+2% since 2003

3.2.1 Infant mortality ra	3.2.1 Infant mortality rate, before reaching 1 year of age per 1000 live births					
Infant mortality    Solution   Property   Pr	3.2 By 2030 reduce under-5 mortality to at least as low as 25 per 1000 live births	Arab region  24 deaths of female infants per 1000 live births in 2018  29 deaths of male infants per 1000 live births in 2018	European Union  3 deaths of female infants per 1000 live births in 2018  4 deaths of male infants per 1000 live births in 2018	World  27 deaths of female infants per 1000 live births in 2018  31 deaths of male infants per 1000 live births in 2018		
		-0.3 % since 2000	-3% since 2000	-3% since 2000		
3.2.1 Mortality rate, und	der 5 years per 1000 live births					
Under-5 mortality  Under-5 mortality	3.2 By 2030 reduce under-5 mortality to at least as low as 25 per 1000 live births	Arab region  32 under five deaths of 1000 female live births in 2018  37 under five deaths of 1000 male live births in 2018	North America  6 under five deaths of 1000 female live births in 2018  7 under five deaths of 1000 male live births in 2018	World  36 under five deaths of 1000 female live births in 2018  41 under five deaths of 1000 male live births in 2018 2000		
		-3% since 2000	-1% since 2000	-4% since 2000		
3.2.2 Neonatal mortality	y rate, before reaching 28 days o	f age per 1000 live births				
Neonatal mortality  Neonatal mortality	3.2 By 2030 reduce neonatal mortality to at least as low as 12 per 1000 live births	Arab region  17 deaths of neonates per 1,000 live births, in 2018	European Union 2 deaths of neonates per 1,000 live births, in 2018	World  18 deaths of neonates per 1,000 live births, in 2018		
	Direito	-2% since 2000	-3% since 2000	-3% since 2000		

3.3.1 Number of new HIV infections per 1,000 uninfected population					
New HIV incidence	3.3 By 2030, end the epidemics of AIDS and other communicable diseases	Arab region  O.0 new HIV cases per 1,000 uninfected females in 2018  O.1 of new HIV cases per 1,000 uninfected males in 2018  -1% since 2000	Europe  0.1 new HIV cases per 1,000 uninfected females in 2018  0.3 of new HIV cases per 1,000 uninfected males in 2018  +5% since 2000	World  O.2 new HIV cases per 1,000 uninfected females in 2018  O.3 of new HIV cases per 1,000 uninfected males in 2018  -3% since 2000	
3 3 1 Number of new HI	V infections per 1,000 uninfected		+5% SITICE 2000	-3% SHICE 2000	
New HIV (0-14)	3.3 By 2030, end the epidemics of AIDS and other communicable diseases	Arab region 0 new HIV cases per 1,000 uninfected people in 2018 0% since 2000	Europe 0 new HIV cases per 1,000 uninfected people in 2018 +6% since 2000	World 0.1 new HIV cases per 1,000 uninfected people in 2018 -5% since 2000	
3.3.1 Number of new HI	V infections per 1,000 uninfected	l population (50+)			
New HIV (50+)	3.3 By 2030, end the epidemics of AIDS and other communicable diseases	Arab region  O new HIV cases per 1,000 uninfected females in 2018  O new HIV cases per 1,000 uninfected males in 2018	Europe  O new HIV cases per 1,000 uninfected females in 2018  Onew HIV cases per 1,000 uninfected males in 2018	World  O.1 new HIV cases per 1,000 uninfected females in 2018  O.1 new HIV cases per 1,000 uninfected males in 2018	
		0% since 2000	+3% since 2000	-4% since 2000	

3.3.1 Number of new HIV infections per 1,000 uninfected population (15-24)					
New HIV (15-24)  New HIV (15-24)	3.3 By 2030, end the epidemics of AIDS and other communicable diseases	Arab region  O.1 new HIV cases per 1,000 uninfected females in 2018  O.1 new HIV cases per 1,000 uninfected males in 2018	Europe  O.1 new HIV cases per 1,000 uninfected females in 2018  O.2 new HIV cases per 1,000 uninfected males in 2018	World  1 new HIV cases per 1,000 uninfected females in 2018  0.3 new HIV cases per 1,000 uninfected males in 2018	
3.3.1 Number of new HI	V infections per 1,000 uninfected	0% since 2000 I population (15-49)	-1% since 2000	-3% since 2000	
New HIV (15-49)  New HIV (15-49)	3.3 By 2030, end the epidemics of AIDS and other communicable diseases	Arab region  O.1 new HIV cases per 1,000 uninfected females in 2018  O.1 new HIV cases per 1,000 uninfected males in 2018	Europe  O.2 new HIV cases per 1,000 uninfected females in 2018  I new HIV cases per 1,000 uninfected males in 2018	World  O.4 new HIV cases per 1,000 uninfected females in 2018  O.4 new HIV cases per 1,000 uninfected males in 2018	
		-1% since 2000	+3% since 2000	-3% since 2000	

3.3.2 Tuberculosis incidence per 100,000 population					
Tuberculosis  Tuberculosis	3.3 By 2030, end the epidemics of tuberculosis, and other communicable diseases	Arab region 48 TB incidences per 100,000 population in 2018	North America 3 TB incidences per 100,000 population in 2018	World 132 TB incidences per 100,000 population in 2018	
		-1% since 2000	-4% since 2000	-1% since 2000	
3.3.3 Malaria incidence	per 1,000 population at risk				
Malaria Malaria	3.3 By 2030, end the epidemics of malaria and other communicable	Arab region 14 malaria incidences per 1,000 population in 2018	North America 0 malaria incidences per 1,000 population in 2018	World 59 malaria incidences per 1,000 population in 2018	
IVIdialia	diseases	-3% since 2000	0% since 2000	-2% since 2000	
3.4.2 Suicide mortality r	ate per 100,000 population				
Suicide Suicide	3.4 By 2030, promote mental health and well-being	Arab region  3 deaths per 100,000 female population committed suicide in 2016  6 deaths per 100,000 male population committed suicide in 2016	European Union  7 deaths per 100,000 female population committed suicide in 2016  20 deaths per 100,000 male population committed suicide in 2016	World  8 deaths per 100,000 female population committed suicide in 2016  14 deaths per 100,000 male population committed suicide in 2016	
		-0.1% since 2000	-0.8% since 2000	-1% since 2000	

3.5.2 Harmful use of alcohol (15+ years) within a calendar year in litres of pure alcohol					
Alcohol consumption  Alcohol Consumption	3.5 Strengthen the prevention and treatment of substance abuse, including narcotic drug abuse and harmful use of alcohol	Arab region  O litres of alcohol consumption by women in 2018  I litres of alcohol consumption by men in 2018	Europe  5 litres of alcohol consumption by women in 2018  18 litres of alcohol consumption by men in 2018	World  3 litres of alcohol consumption by women in 2018  10 litres of alcohol consumption by men in 2018	
		-0.4% since 2000	-1% since 2000	+1% since 2000	
3.6.1 Death rate due to	road traffic injuries per 100,000 p	opulation			
Traffic deaths  Traffic deaths	3.6 By 2020, halve the number of global deaths and injuries from road traffic accidents	Arab region 20 traffic deaths per 100,000 population in 2016	European Union 6 traffic deaths per 100,000 population in 2016	<b>World</b> 18 traffic deaths per 100,000 population in 2016	
	doordonto	-1% since 2013	0% since 2013	+1% since 2013	
3.7.1 Proportion of wom	nen of reproductive age who hav	e their need for family planning sati	sfied with modern methods		
Family planning  Family planning	3.7 By 2030, ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive healthcare services, including for family planning, information	Arab region 63% of women aged 15-49 years had their need satisfied with modern methods in 2019	Europe 79% of women aged 15-49 years had their need satisfied with modern methods in 2019	World 76% of women aged 15-49 years had their need satisfied with modern methods in 2019	
	and education	+1% since 2000	+1% since 2000	+0.6% since 2000	

3.7.2 Adolescent ages 1	15-19 birth rate per 1,000 women					
Adolescent 6 6 6 f	3.7 By 2030, ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive healthcare services, including for family planning, information	Arab region 47 births per 1,000 women ages 15-19 in 2020	North America 19 births per 1,000 women ages 15-19 in 2020	World 43 births per 1,000 women ages 15-19 in 2020		
	and education	-1% since 2005	-5% since 2005	-1% since 2005		
3.8.1 Coverage of esser	ntial health services, index					
Universal Health Coverage Index  Universal Health Coverage Index	3.8 Achieve universal health coverage and access to quality essential health- care services	Arab region 63 UHC index in 2017	European Union- 81 UHC index in 2017	<b>World</b> 66 UHC index in 2017		
		+1% since 2015	+0.5% since 2015	+1% since 2015		
3.9.1 Age-standardized	3.9.1 Age-standardized mortality rate attributed to household and ambient air pollution					
Air Pollution mortality  Air Pollution  Mortality	3.9 By 2030, reduce the number of deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals and air, water and soil pollution and contamination	Arab region 102 deaths per 100,000 population of air pollution in 2016	European Union 19 depaths per 100,000 population of air pollution in 2016	World 114 deaths per 100,000 population of air pollution in 2016		

3.9.2 Mortality rate attributed to unsafe water, unsafe sanitation and lack of hygiene per 100,000 population						
Mortality due to WASH   WASH  Mortality due to WASH	3.9 By 2030, substantially reduce the number of deaths and illness from hazardous chemicals and air, water and soil pollution and contamination	Arab region 7 deaths per 100,000 population due to unsafe water and sanitation and lack of hygiene in 2016	European Union  0 deaths per 100,000 population due to unsafe water and sanitation and lack of hygiene in 2016	World  12 deaths per 100,000 population due to unsafe water and sanitation and lack of hygiene in 2016		
3.9.3 Mortality rate attr	ibuted to unintentional poisoning	per 100,000 population				
Unintentional Poisoning  Unintentional Poisoning	3.9 By 2030, substantially reduce the number of deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals and air, water and soil pollution and contamination	Arab region  1 death per 100,000 females due to unintentional poisoning in 2016  2 death per 100,000 males due to unintentional poisoning in 2016	European Union  O death per 100,000 females due to unintentional poisoning in 2016  O death per 100,000 males due to unintentional poisoning in 2016	World  1 death per 100,000 females due to unintentional poisoning in 2016  2 death per 100,000 males due to unintentional poisoning in 2016		
		-3% since 2000	-3% since 2000	-3% since 2000		
3.b.1 Proportion of the	3.b.1 Proportion of the target population with access to 3 doses of diphtheria-tetanus-pertussis					
DTP vaccine  DTP Vaccine	3.b Provide access to affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all	Arab region 86% of surviving infants received DTP vaccine in 2018	Europe 92% of surviving infants received DTP vaccine in 2018	World 86% of surviving infants received DTP vaccine in 2018		
	<b></b>	+0.3% since 2000	-0.1% since 2000	+1% since 2000		

3.b.1 Froportion of the	target population with access to	modelice containing vaccine coccin		
Measles vaccine  Measles vaccine	3.b Provide access to affordable essential medicines and vaccines for	Arab region 77% of children received MCV2 vaccine in 2018	Europe 90% of children received MCV2 vaccine in 2018	World 69% of children received MCV2 vaccine in 2018
	all	+4% since 2000	+3% since 2000	+7 since 2000
3.d.1 International Hea	lth Regulations (IHR) capacity us	ing SPAR tool		
International Health Regulations  International Health Regulations	3.d Strengthen the capacity of all countries, in particular developing countries, for early warning, risk reduction and management of national and	Arab region	Europe	World
International Health	3.d Strengthen the capacity of all countries, in particular developing countries, for early warning, risk reduction and	65% IHR capacity reported via SPAR in 2019	76% IHR capacity reported via SPAR in 2019	63% IHR capacity reported via SPAR in 2019



**SDG 4** Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all

#### 4.1x School enrollment, secondary Secondary Arab region North America World enrollment 4.1 By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys 61% of girls' net 94% of girls' net 66% of girls' net complete free, equitable and secondary school enrollment in secondary school enrollment secondary school quality primary and 2018 in 2018 enrollment in 2018 secondary education 66% of boys'net 93% of boys'net 66% of boys'net secondary school enrollment in secondary school enrollment secondary school 2018 in 2018 enrollment in 2018 +1% since 2000 +1% since 2000 4.2.2 Participation rate in organized learning (one year before the official primary entry age) Kindergarten Arab region Europe World 45% of children were in 95% of children were in 64% of children were in 4.2 By 2030, ensure kindergarten in 2018 kindergarten in 2018 kindergarten in 2018 access to quality early childhood development, care and pre-primary education so that they are ready for primary education +3% since 2000 +0.1% since 2000 +0.2% since 2007

4.2x Children out of school, primary				
Children out of school	4.2 By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys have access to quality early childhood development, care and pre-primary education so that they are ready for primary education	Arab region  15% of girls in primary school age were out of school in 2018  13% of boys in primary school age were out of school in 2018	North America  1% of girls in primary school age were out of school in 2018  0% of boys in primary school age were out of school in 2018	World  9% of girls in primary school age were out of school in 2018  7% of boys in primary school age were out of school in 2018
4.40		-2% since 2000	-9% since 2000	-3% since 2000
Electricity in schools	4.a Build and upgrade education facilities that are inclusive and effective learning	Arab region  84% of lower secondary schools with access to electricity in 2017	Europe 100% of lower secondary schools with access to electricity in 2017	World 78% of lower secondary schools with access to electricity in 2017
	environments for all	-0.3% since 2015	0% since 2015	+1% since 2015
4.a.1 Proportion of scho	ools with access to computers fo	r pedagogical purposes, lower seco	ondary	
Computers in schools  Computers in schools	4.a Build and upgrade education facilities that are inclusive and effective learning	Arab region 71% of lower secondary schools with access to computers in 2017	Europe 99% of lower secondary schools with access to computers in 2017	World 60% of lower secondary schools with access to computers in 2017
	environments for all	-0.3% since 2015	+0.02% since 2015	+0.1% since 2015

4.a.1 Schools with access to the internet for pedagogical purposes, lower secondary				
Internet in schools  online Internet in schools	4.a.Build and upgrade education facilities that are inclusive and effective learning	Arab region 80% of lower secondary schools with access to internet in 2017	Europe 96% of lower secondary schools with access to internet in 2017	World 62% of lower secondary schools with access to internet in 2017
	environments for all	+0.4% since 2016	+0.1% since 2016	
4.a.1 Schools with acce	ess to basic drinking water, lowe	r secondary		
Drinking water  Drinking water	4.a Build and upgrade education facilities that are inclusive and effective learning environments for all	Arab region 93% of lower secondary schools with access to basic drinking water in 2017	Europe 99% of lower secondary schools with access to basic drinking water in 2017	World 85% of lower secondary schools with access to basic drinking water in 2017
	environments for all	0% since 2015	+0.02% since 2015	-0.15% since 2015
4.a.1 Schools with basi	c handwashing facilities, lower s	secondary		
Handwashing facilities  Handwashing facilities	4.a.Build and upgrade education facilities that are inclusive and effective learning environments for all	Arab region 73% of lower secondary schools with basic handwashing facilities in 2017	Europe 99% of lower secondary schools with basic handwashing facilities in 2017	World 71% of lower secondary schools with basic handwashing facilities in 2017
		-0.03% since 2015	+0.1% since 2015	+1% since 2015

4.a.1 Schools with acce	ess to single-sex basic sanitation	ı, lower secondary		
Single-sex sanitation  **Time	4.a Build and upgrade education facilities that are inclusive and effective learning environments for all	Arab region 88% of lower secondary schools with access to single-sex basic sanitation in 2017 +0.1% since 2015	Europe 100% of lower secondary schools with access to single- sex basic sanitation in 2017  0% since 2015	World 87% of lower secondary schools with access to single-sex basic sanitation in 2017 -0.3% since 2015
4.c.1 Proportion of prim	ary teachers who have received	at least the minimum organized tea	cher training	
Trained primary	<b>A</b>	Arab region	Latin America and Caribbean	World
teachers  Trained primary teachers	4.c .By 2030, substantially increase the supply of qualified teachers, including through international cooperation for teacher training 2015	85% of female primary teachers were trained in 2016 85% of male primary teachers were trained in 2016	91% of female primary teachers were trained in 2016 88% of male primary teachers were trained in 2016	87% of female primary teachers were trained in 2016 82% of male primary teachers were trained in 2016
		+0.4% since 2013	+0.5% since 2013	0.3% since 2013
4.c.1 Proportion of seco	ondary teachers in who have rec	eived at least the minimum organize		
Trained secondary teachers  Trained secondary teachers	4.c .By 2030, substantially increase the supply of qualified teachers, including through international cooperation for teacher training 2015	Arab region  82% of female secondary teachers were trained in 2016  80% of male secondary teachers were trained in 2016  +0.1% since 2013	Latin America and Caribbean  82% of female secondary teachers were trained in 2016  83% of male secondary teachers were trained in 2016  -0.6% since 2013	World  85% of female secondary teachers were trained in 2016  82% of male secondary teachers were trained in 2016



## SDG 5 Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls

#### 5.3.1 Proportion of women aged 20-24 years who were married or in a union before age 15

### Married women before 15



5.3 Eliminate all harmful practices, such as child, early and forced marriage and female genital mutilation

#### Arab region

5% of women were married before age of 15 in 2019

#### Central Asia

0% of women were married before age of 15 in 2019

### World

5% of women were married before age of 15 in 2019

-3% since 2004

#### 5.3.1 Proportion of women aged 20-24 years who were married or in a union before age 18

# Married women before 18



5.3 Eliminate all harmful practices, such as child, early and forced marriage and female genital mutilation

#### Arab region

20% of women were married before age of 18 in 2019

#### Central Asia

8% of women were married before age of 18 in 2019

#### World

-3% since 2004

20% of women were married before age of 18 in 2019

-3% since 2004

-1% since 2004

### 5.3.2 Proportion of girls and women aged 15-19 years who have undergone female genital mutilation/cutting

# Female genital mutilation



5.3 Eliminate all harmful practices, such as child, early and forced marriage and female genital mutilation

### Arab region

55% of women had undergone female genital mutilation/cutting in 2019

#### Africa

32% of women had undergone female genital mutilation/cutting in 2019

5.5.1 Proportion of seats held by women in national parliaments				
Women in national parliaments  5.5 Ensure women's full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decision-making in political, economic	full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership	Arab region 18% of seats were held by women in 2019	European Union 32% of seats were held by women in 2019	<b>World</b> 25% of seats were held by women in 2019
	and public life	+8% since 2000	+3% since 2000	+3% since 2000
5.5.1 Proportion of seats	s held by women in deliberative l	bodies of local government		
Women in local governments  Women in local governments	5.5 Ensure women's full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decisionmaking in political, economic and public life	Arab region 18% of seats were held by women in local government in 2019	European Union 35% of seats were held by women in local government in 2019	World 36% of seats were held by women in local government in 2019
5.5.2 Proportion of wom	en in managerial positions			
Women in managerial positions  Women in managerial positions	5.5 Ensure women's full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decision-	Arab region 9% of women were represented in managerial positions in 2019	Europe 35% of women were represented in managerial positions in 2019	World 28% of women were represented in managerial positions in 2019
	making in political, economic and public life	-0.3% since 2000	+1% since 2000	+1% since 2000

# 5.6.1 Proportion of women aged 15-49 years who make their own informed decisions regarding sexual relations, contraceptive use and reproductive health care

Sexual relations, contraceptive use and reproductive health care



5.6 Ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health and reproductive rights

Arab region

59% of women made informed decisions regarding sexual relations, contraceptive use, and reproductive healthcare in 2020

Europe

81% of women made informed decisions regarding sexual relations, contraceptive use, and reproductive healthcare in 2020

World

55% of women made informed decisions regarding sexual relations, contraceptive use, and reproductive healthcare in 2020

#### 5.6.1 Proportion of women aged 15-49 years who make their own informed decisions regarding contraceptive use

#### Contraceptive use



5.6 Ensure
universal access to
sexual and
reproductive health and
reproductive rights

#### Arab region

92% of women made informed decisions regarding contraceptive use in 2020

#### Europe

94% of women made informed decisions regarding contraceptive use in 2020

#### World

91% of women made informed decisions regarding contraceptive use in 2020

## 5.6.1 Proportion of women aged 15-49 years who make their own informed decisions regarding reproductive health care

# Reproductive health care



5.6 Ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health and reproductive rights

#### Arab region

92% of women made informed decisions regarding reproductive healthcare in 2020

#### Europe

97% of women made informed decisions regarding reproductive healthcare in 2020

#### World

75% of women made informed decisions regarding reproductive healthcare in 2020

#### 5.6.1 Proportion of women aged 15-49 years who make their own informed decisions regarding sexual relations

#### Sexual relations



5.6 Ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health and reproductive rights

access to sexual and

reproductive rights

reproductive health and

5.6 Ensure universal

(6)

#### Arab region

68% of women made informed decisions on sexual relations in 2020

#### Europe

86% of women made informed decisions on sexual relations in 2020

#### World

75% of women made informed decisions on sexual relations in 2020

5.6.2 Number of countries with laws and regulations that guarantee full and equal access to women and men aged 15 years to sexual and reproductive healthcare, information and education

Laws for equal access to sexual and reproductive healthcare



Arab region

55% of countries that guaranteed full access to sexual and reproductive healthcare, information and education in 2019

#### Europe

84% of countries that guaranteed full access to sexual and reproductive healthcare, information and education in 2019

#### World

73% of countries that guaranteed full access to sexual and reproductive healthcare, information and education in 2019



## SDG 6 Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all

#### 6.2.1 Proportion of population using safely managed sanitation services

Safely managed sanitation services



6.2 By 2030, achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation for all

#### Arab region

31% of population was using safely managed sanitation services in 2017

#### Europe

79% of population was using safely managed sanitation services in 2017

#### World

45% of population was using safely managed sanitation services in 2017

+2 % since 2006

+1% since 2006

+3 since 2006

### 6.2.1 Proportion of population with basic handwashing facilities on premises

Handwashing facility



6.2 By 2030, achieve access to adequate and equitable hygiene for all

#### Arab region

73% of population was using a handwashing facility with soap and water in 2017

#### Central Asia

92% of population was using a handwashing facility with soap and water in 2017

#### World

60% of population was using a handwashing facility with soap and water in 2017

+0.2% since 2013

+0.1 % since 2011

-1% since 2013

#### 6.2.1 Proportion of population practicing open defecation

Open defecation



6.2 By 2030, end open defecation, paying special needs to those in vulnerable situations

#### Arab region

6% of population was practicing open defecation in 2017

-4 % since 2000

#### Europe

0% of population was practicing open defecation in 2017

-9% since 2000

#### World

9% of population was practicing open defecation in 2017

-5% since 2000

6.4.2 Level of water stress: freshwater withdrawal as a proportion of available freshwater resources				
Freshwater withdrawal  Freshwater withdrawal	6.4 By 2030, substantially increase wateruse efficiency across all sectors and ensure	Arab region 92% of freshwater was withdrawn of available freshwater resources in 2017	Europe  9% of freshwater was withdrawn of available freshwater resources in 2017	World 17% of freshwater was withdrawn of available freshwater resources in 2017
	supply of freshwater	+1 % since 2015	-2 % since 2015	+1% since 2015
6.5.1 Degree of integra	ated water resources manageme	nt implementation		
Water resources management  Water resources management	6.5. By 2030, implement integrated water resources management at all levels	Arab region 45% was the degree of integrated water resources management implemented in 2018	Europe and North America 67% was the degree of integrated water resources management implemented in 2018	World 49% was the degree of integrated water resources management implemented in 2018
6.6.1 Proportion of water	er body extent (permanent) of tot	al land area		
Permanent water body extent  Permanent water body extent	6.6 By 2020, protect and restore water-related ecosystems, including mountains, forests, wetlands, rivers, aquifers	Arab region 0.2% of permanent water body extent of total land area in 2018	Europe and North America 4% of permanent water body extent of total land area in 2018	World 2% of permanent water body extent of total land area in 2018
	and lakes	-0.5% since 2005	+0.2% since 2005	+0.2% since 2005



## SDG 7 Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all

#### 7.1.1 Proportion of population with access to electricity

#### Access to electricity



7.1 By 2030, ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services

#### Arab region

91% of population was with access to electricity in 2017

### **European Union**

100% of population was with access to electricity in 2017

### World

89% of population was with access to electricity in 2017

+1% since 2002

0% since 2000

+1% since 2000

#### 7.1.2 Proportion of population with primary reliance on clean fuels and technology

# Clean fuels and technology



7.1 By 2030, ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services

#### Arab region

87% of population was with access to clean fuels and technology in 2018

+1% since 2000

# European Union

95% of population was with access to clean fuels and technology in 2018

## World

63% of population was with access to clean fuels and technology in 2018

0% since 2000 +1% since 2000

### 7.2.1 Renewable energy share in the total final energy consumption

#### Renewable energy



7.2 By 2030, increase substantially the share of renewable energy in the global energy mix

#### Arab region

4% of renewable energy share in final energy consumption in 2017

### Europe

14% of renewable energy share in final energy consumption in 2017

#### World

17% of renewable energy share in final energy consumption in 2017

-2% since 2000

+3% since 2000

+0.04% since 2000

7.3.1 Energy intensity level of primary energy				
Energy intensity	7.3 By 2030, double the global rate of improvement in energy efficiency	Arab region 5 MJ of energy intensity level of primary energy in 2017	<b>Europe</b> 4 MJ of energy intensity level of primary energy in 2017	<b>World</b> 5 MJ of energy intensity level of primary energy in 2017
	,	0% since 2000	-2% since 2000	-2% since 2000



**SDG 8** Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all

#### 8.1.1 Annual growth rate of real GDP per capita **Economic growth** Arab region Europe World 0% annual growth rate of real 2% annual growth rate of real 2% annual growth rate of 8.1 Sustain per GDP per capita in 2018 GDP per capita in 2018 real GDP per capita in 2018 capita economic growth in accordance with national circumstances and, in particular, at least 7 per cent gross domestic product growth per annum in the least developed countries -13% since 2000 -4% since 2000 -2% since 2000 8.2.1 Annual growth rate of real GDP per employed person Labor productivity Arab region North America World -1% annual growth rate of real 2% annual growth rate of real 1% annual growth rate of 8.2 Achieve higher GDP per employed person in GDP per employed person in real GDP per employed levels of economic 2019 2019 person in 2019 productivity -2% since 2000 -100% since 2000

8.4.1 Material footprint material footprint per unit of GDP				
Material footprint  Material Footprint	8.4 Improve progressively, through 2030, global resource efficiency in consumption and production and endeavor to decouple economic growth from environmental degradation	Arab region 1.1 KG/USD\$ of product material footprint per unit of GDP in 2017	North America 0.6 KG/USD\$ of product material footprint per unit of GDP in 2016	World 1.2 KG/USD\$ of product material footprint per unit of GDP in 2017
		-1% since 2000	-2% since 2000	+0.4% since 2000
8.4.2 Domestic material	consumption per capita			
Petroleum consumption/per capita  Petroleum consumption / capita	8.4 Improve progressively, through 2030, global resource efficiency in consumption and production and endeavor to decouple economic growth from environmental degradation	Arab region 1.1 tonnes of domestic petroleum consumption per person in 2017	Asia  0.4 tonnes of domestic petroleum consumption per person in 2017	World  0.6 tonnes of domestic petroleum consumption per person in 2017
		+2% since 2000	+2% since 2000	-0.1% since 2000

8.4.2 Domestic material consumption per unit of GDP				
Petroleum consumption/per GDP  Petroleum consumption/GDP	8.4 Improve progressively, through 2030, global resource efficiency in consumption and production and endeavor to decouple economic growth from environmental degradation	Arab region  0.2 KG/USD\$ of domestic petroleum consumption per unit of GDP in 2017	Europe 0.0 KG/USD\$ of domestic petroleum consumption per unit of GDP in 2016	World 0.1 KG/USD\$ of domestic petroleum consumption per unit of GDP in 2016
		+0.32% since 2000	-1% since 2000	-1% since 2000
8.5.2 Unemployment rat	e for persons aged 15+ years			
Adult unemployment 15+  Adult unemployment 154	8.5 By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men	Arab region  20% of females were unemployed in 2019  8% of males were unemployed in 2019	Asia and the Pacific  4% females were unemployed in 2019  5% males were unemployed in 2019	World  6% females were unemployed in 2019  5% males were unemployed in 2019
		+3% since 2000	+0.4% since 2000	-0.3% since 2000

8.5.2 Youth unemployme	8.5.2 Youth unemployment rate (aged 15-24 years)				
Youth unemployment  Youth unemployment	8.5 By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men	Arab region  39% of females were unemployed in 2019  23% of males were unemployed in 2019	Asia and the Pacific  12% females were unemployed in 2019  15% males were unemployed in 2019	World  13% females were unemployed in 2019  14% males were unemployed in 2019	
8.5.2 Unemployment rat	e for persons aged 25+ years	+0.1% since 2000	+1% since 2000	+0.4% since 2000	
Unemployment 25+  Unemployment 25+	8.5 By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men	Arab region  16% of females were unemployed in 2019  5% of males were unemployed in 2019  -0.5% since 2000	Asia and the Pacific  3% females were unemployed in 2019  3% males were unemployed in 2019  +1% since 2000	World  4% females were unemployed in 2019  4% males were unemployed in 2019  0% since 2000	

8.6.1 Proportion of youth (aged 15–24 years) not in education, employment or training (NEET)				
Youth NEET		Arab region	European Union	World
Youth NEET	8.6 By 2020, substantially reduce the proportion of youth not in employment, education or training	42% of disengaged female youth in 2019  18% of disengaged male youth in 2019	11% of disengaged female youth in 2019  10% of disengaged male youth in 2019	31% of disengaged female youth in 2019  14% of disengaged male youth in 2019
		-0.2% since 2005	-2% since 2005	-0.3% since 2005
8.10.1 Number of autom	ated teller machines (ATMs) per	r 100,000 adults		
ATMS  ATM  TIII  ATMs	8.10 Strengthen the capacity of domestic financial institutions to encourage and expand access to banking, insurance and financial	Arab region 30 ATMs per 100,000 adults in 2018	European Union 66 ATMs per 100,000 adults in 2018	<b>World</b> 40 ATMs per 100,000 adults in 2018
	services for all	+12% since 2004	+1% since 2004	+5% since 2004

8.10.1 Number of commercial bank branches				
Commercial banks  Commercial banks	8.10 Strengthen the capacity of domestic financial institutions to encourage and expand access to banking, insurance and financial	Arab region 11 commercial bank branches per 100,000 adults in 2018	European Union 21 commercial bank branches per 100,000 adults in 2018	World 12 commercial bank branches per 100,000 adults in 2018
	services for all	-0.1% since 2004	-4% since 2010	+2% since 2010
8.10.2 Proportion of adu	ılts (aged 15+) with account own	ership at a financial institution or w	ith a mobile-money-service provid	er
Account ownership  Account ownership	8.10 Strengthen the capacity of domestic financial institutions to encourage and expand access to banking, insurance and financial	Arab region 37% of the adult population with an account ownership in 2017	North America 94% of the adult with an account ownership in 2017	<b>World</b> 69% of the adult with an account ownership in 2017
	services for all	+8% since 2011	+1% since 2011	+4% since 2011



**SDG 9** Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation

#### 9.2.1 Manufacturing value added as a proportion of GDP

# Manufacturing in GDP



9.2 By 2030, significantly raise industry's share of employment and gross domestic product

# Arab region

11% of GDP was manufacturing value added in 2019

16% of GDP was manufacturing value added in 2018

**European Union** 

+0.3% since 2000

#### World

17% of GDP was manufacturing value added in 2019

+0.4% since 2000

#### 9.2.1 Manufacturing value added per capita

# Manufacturing per capita



9.2 By 2030, significantly raise industry's share of employment and gross domestic product

### Arab region

+1% since 2000

USD\$ 684 of manufacturing value added per capita in 2019

+1 since 2000

## European Union

USD\$ 5262 of manufacturing value added per capita in 2019

+1% since 2000

#### World

USD\$ 1798 of manufacturing value added per capita in 2019

+2% since 2000

### 9.2.2 Manufacturing employment as proportion of total employment

# Manufacturing employment



9.2 By 2030, significantly raise industry's share of employment and gross domestic product

### Arab region

10% of total employment was manufacturing employment in 2019

-0.4% since 2000

#### **European Union**

16% of total employment was manufacturing employment in 2019

-1% since 2000

#### World

14% of manufacturing employment of total employment in 2019

-0.3% since 2000

9.4.1 Carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions per unit of manufacturing value added					
Manufacturing CO2 emissions  Manufacturing CO2 emissions	9.4 By 2030, upgrade infrastructure and retrofit industries to make them sustainable, with increased resource-use efficiency and greater adoption of clean and environmentally sound technologies and industrial	Arab region 1.1 KG/USD\$ unit of manufacturing value added was emitted CO2 in 2017	Europe 0.2 KG/USD\$ unit of manufacturing value added was emitted CO2 in 2017	World 0.5 KG/USD\$ unit of manufacturing value added was emitted CO2 in 2017	
	processes	-1% since 2000	-4% since 2000	-1% since 2000	
9.5.1 Research and dev	elopment (R and D) expenditure	as a proportion of GDP			
R and D Expenditure  9.5 By 2030, encouraging innovation and substantially increasing the number of research and development workers per 1 million people and public and private research and	Arab region 1% of GDP was spent on R and D in 2017	North America 3% of GDP was spent on R and D in 2017	<b>World</b> 2% of GDP was spent on R and D in 2017		
	development spending	+2 % since 2000	+0.3 % since 2000	+1 % since 2000	

9.5.2 Full time researchers per million inhabitants					
Researchers  Researchers	9.5 By 2030, encouraging innovation and substantially increasing the number of research and development workers per 1 million people and public and private research and	Arab region 579 full time researchers per million inhabitants in 2017	<b>Europe</b> 3,346 full time researchers per million inhabitants in 2017	<b>World</b> 1,198 full time researchers per million inhabitants in 2017	
	development spending	+2 % since 2000	+2% since 2000	+2 % since 2000	
9.b.1 Proportion of med	ium and high-tech industry value	added in total value added			
Tech-industry  ≩©€  Tec-industry	9.b Support domestic technology development, research and innovation in developing countries	Arab region 31% of total value added was medium and high-tech industry in 2017	<b>Europe</b> 51% of total value added was medium and high-tech industry in 2017	<b>World</b> 45% of total value added was medium and high-tech industry in 2017	
		+1% since 2000	+1% since 2000	-0.2% since 2000	
9.c.1 Proportion of popu	9.c.1 Proportion of population covered by mobile network				
Mobile network  (())  Mobile Network	9.c Provide universal and affordable access to the Internet by 2020	Arab region 96% of population were covered by mobile network in 2019	Europe 100% of population were covered by mobile network in 2019	<b>World</b> 97% of population were covered by mobile network in 2019	
	,	+1% since 2015	+0.04% since 2015	0.38% since 2015	



# SDG 10 Reduce inequality within and among countries

10.4.1 Labor share of GI	OP (total output)				
Compenstation of employees	10.4 Adopt policies, especially fiscal, wage and social protection policies, and progressively achieve	Arab region 35% of GDP was accured to employees, total output, in 2017	Europe 57% of GDP was accured to employees, total output, in 2017	World 51% of GDP was accured to employees, total output, in 2017	
employees	greater equality	0.1% since 2004	-0.2% since 2004	-0.3% since 2004	
10.b.1x Net official development assistance and official aid received (constant 2015 US\$)					
Assistance for development  Assistance for development	10.b Encourage official development assistance and financial flows, including foreign direct investment, to States	Arab region USD\$ 34 billion of net official development aid was received in 2018	European Union USD\$ 240 thousand of net official development aid was received in 2011	World USD\$ 161 billion of net official development aid was received in 2018	
	where the need is greatest	+9% since 2000	-57% since 2000	+4% since 2000	
10.cx Personal remittan	ces, received as a proportion of	GDP			
Personal remittances  Personal remittances	10.c By 2030, reduce to less than 3 per cent the transaction costs of migrant remittances and eliminate	Arab region 3% of GDP was received as personal remittances in 2018	European Union 1% of GDP was received as personal remittances in 2018	World 1% of GDP was received as personal remittances in 2018	
	remittance corridors with costs higher than 5 per cent	-0.2% since 2005	+3% since 2005	+2% since 2005	



# SDG 11 Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable

11.1.1 Proportion of urb	an population living in slums			
Living in slums	11.1 By 2030, ensure access for all to adequate, safe and affordable housing and basic services and	Arab region 31% of urban population was living in slums in 2018	Europe and North America 0% of urban population was living in slums in 2018	<b>World</b> 24% of urban population was living in slums in 2018
	upgrade slums	+1 % since 2000	0% since 2000	-1% since 2000
11.5.1x Internally displa	ced persons, new displacement	associated with disasters		
Displaced persons  Displaced persons	11.5 By 2030, significantly reduce the number of deaths and the number of people affected and substantially decrease the direct economic losses relative to global gross domestic product caused by	Arab region 9 per 100 K new cases of displaced persons in 2019	Latin America and Caribbean 6 per 100 K new cases of displaced persons in 2019	World 248 per 100 K new cases of displaced persons in 2019
	disasters	+17% since 2008	-14% since 2008	-4% since 2008
11.6.2 Annual mean leve	els of fine particulate matter in c	ities		
Particulate matter	11.6 Reduce the adverse per capita environmental impact of cities	Arab region 59 PM <sub>2.5</sub> annual mean levels of fine particulate matter in 2017	European Union 14 PM <sub>2.5</sub> annual mean levels of fine particulate matter in 2017	World  46 PM <sub>2.5</sub> annual mean levels of fine particulate matter in 2017
Particulate matter	on the state of th	+1% since 2000	-1% since 2000	+0.05% since 2000



## SDG 12. Seeks to Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns

#### 12.2.1 Material footprint per unit of GDP Material footprint Arab region North America World 1.1 KG/USD\$ was the material 0.6 KG/USD\$ was the material 1.2 KG/USD\$ was the 12.2 By 2030, achieve footprint per unit of GDP in 2017 footprint per unit of GDP in material footprint per unit the sustainable management of GDP in 2017 2016 and efficient use of natural +0.4% since 2000 resource -2 since 2000 12.2.2 Domestic material consumption per capita Arab region Petroleum Asia World consumption/capita 1.1 tonnes of petroleum 0.4 tonnes of petroleum 0.6 tonnes of petroleum 12.2 By 2030, consumption per capita in 2017 consumption per capita in 2017 consumption per capita in achieve the sustainable 2017 management and efficient use of natural resource +2% since 2000 +2% since 2000 -0.1% since 2000 12.2.2 Domestic material consumption per unit of GDP Arab region World Petroleum Europe consumption/GDP 0.2 KG/USD\$ was the petroleum 0.0 KG/USD\$ was the 0.1 KG/USD\$ was the 12.2 By 2030, achieve consumption per unit of GDP in petroleum consumption per petroleum consumption per the sustainable management 2017 unit of GDP in 2016 unit of GDP in 2016 and efficient use of natural +0.3% since 2000 -1% since 2000 resource -1% since 2000

12.4.1 Number of parties in compliance with Stockholm Convention				
Stockholm convention  Stockholm convention	12.4 By 2020, achieve the environmentally sound management of chemicals and all wastes throughout their life cycle and significantly reduce their	Arab region 39% of countries were compliant in 2020	<b>Europe</b> 60% of countries were compliant in 2020	<b>World</b> 50% of countries were compliant in 2020
12.4.1 November of months	release to air, water and soil	-1% since 2015	-3% since 2015	-1% since 2000
·	s in compliance with Basel Conve	ention		
Basel convention  Basel Convention	12.4 By 2020, achieve the environmentally sound management of chemicals and all wastes throughout their life cycle and significantly reduce their	Arab region 64% of countries were compliant in 2020	<b>Europe</b> 79% of countries were compliant in 2020	<b>World</b> 61% of countries were compliant in 2020
	release to air, water and soil	+4% since 2015	-1% since 2015	+1% since 2015
12.4.1 Number of partie	s in Compliance with Rotterdam (	Convention		
Rotterdam convention  12.4 By 2020, achieve the environmentally sound management of chemical and all wastes throughout their life cycle and	,	Arab region 62% of countries were compliant in 2020	<b>Europe</b> 93% of countries were compliant in 2020	<b>World</b> 75% of countries were compliant in 2020
	significantly reduce their release to air, water and soil	0% since 2015	+1% since 2015	+2% since 2015

12.4.1 Parties meeting their commitments and obligations in transmitting information as required by Montreal Protocol on hazardous waste, and other	ner
chemicals	

#### Montreal Protocol Arab region Europe World 100% of countries were 100% of countries were 100% of countries were 12.4 By 2020, achieve compliant in 2020 compliant in 2020 compliant in 2020 the environmentally sound management of chemicals and all wastes throughout their life cycle and significantly reduce their 0% since 2015 0% since 2015 0% since 2015 release to air, water and soil 12.4.1 Parties meeting their commitments and obligations in transmitting information as required by Minamata Convention on hazardous waste, and other Arab region\* Minamata Convention North America 48% of countries were 50% of countries were 12.4 By 2020, achieve compliant in 2020 compliant in 2020 the environmentally sound management of chemicals and all wastes throughout their life cycle and significantly reduce their release to air, water and soil 12.4.2 Electronic waste recycling, per capita **Electronic waste** Arab region **Europe and North America** World recycling 0 KG electronic waste was 6 KG electronic waste was 1 KG electronic waste was 12.4 By 2020, achieve recycled per capita in 2019 recycled per capita in 2019 recycled per capita in 2019 the environmentally sound management of chemicals and all wastes throughout their life cycle and significantly reduce their 0 % since 2018 +0.4% since 2018 +0.4% since 2018 release to air, water and soil

12.4.2 Electronic waste generated, per capita				
Electronic waste generated  Electronic waste generated	12.4 By 2020, achieve the environmentally sound management of chemicals and all wastes throughout their life cycle and significantly reduce their	Arab region 7 KG electronic waste was generated per capita in 2019	Southern Asia 3 KG electronic waste was generated per capita in 2019	World 7 KG electronic waste was generated per capita in 2019
	release to air, water and soil	+5% since 2000	+8 % since 2000	+5% since 2000
12.c.1 Fossil-fuel pre-ta	x subsidies (consumption and pr	oduction) as a proportion of total GI	OP	
Fossil fuel/GDP	12.c Rationalize inefficient fossil-fuel subsidies that encourage wasteful consumption	Arab region  3% of GDP was on fossil-fuel pre-tax subsidies in 2017	<b>Europe</b> 0% of GDP was on fossil-fuel pre-tax subsidies in 2015	World 0% of GDP was on fossil- fuel pre-tax subsidies in 2015
		-13% since 2013	-17% since 2013	-23 since 2013
12.c.1 Fossil-fuel pre-ta	x subsidies (consumption and pr	oduction) per capita (current US\$)		
Fossil fuel/capita	12.c Rationalize inefficient fossil-fuel subsidies that encourage	Arab region 193 USD\$ was the fossil-fuel pre-tax subsidies per capita in 2017	Southern Asia 26 USD\$ was the fossil-fuel pre-tax subsidies per capita in 2017	World 40 USD\$ was the fossil-fuel pre-tax subsidies per capita in 2017
	wasteful consumption	-16% since 2013	-18% since 2013	-13% since 2013

<sup>\*</sup> Calculated by the Statistics Division at ESCWA.



# SDG 13 Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts

13.1x Internally displac	ed persons, new displacement a	ssociated with disasters		
Displaced persons  Displaced persons	13.1 Strengthen resilience and adaptive capacity to climate-related hazards and natural disasters in all countries	Arab region 9 per 100 K new cases of displaced persons in 2019	Latin America and the Caribbean 6 per 100 K new cases of displaced persons in 2019	World  248 per 100 K new cases of displaced persons in 2019
		+17% since 2008	-14% since 2008	-4% since 2008
13.2x CO2 emissions in	metric tons per capita			
CO2 emissions  CO2 emissions	13.2 Integrate climate change measures into national policies, strategies and planning	Arab region 5 metric tons of CO2 emissions per capita in 2014	Latin America and the Caribbean 3 metric tons of CO2 emissions per capita in 2014	World 5 metric tons of CO2 emissions per capita in 2014
		+2% since 2000	+1% since 2000	+1% since 2000

13.2x Total greenhouse gas emissions in million kt of CO2				
GHG emissions  GHG emissions	13.2 Integrate climate change measures	Arab region 2 million kt of CO2 emissions equivalent in 2012	Euro Area 3 million kt of CO2 emissions equivalent in 2012	World 54 million kt of CO2 emissions equivalent in 2012
		+0.2% since 2000	-0.6% since 2000	+2% since 2000
13.2x Renewable enerç	y consumption as proportion of	total final consumption		
Renewable energy  Renewable energy	13.2 Integrate climate change measures into national policies, strategies and planning	Arab region 4% of total final energy consumption was renwable energy in 2017	Europe 14% of total final energy consumption was renwable energy in 2017	World 17% of total final energy consumption was renwable energy in 2017
	ou acogree and planning	+1% since 2000	+3% since 2000	+8% since 2000



SDG 14 Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development

#### 14.4x Fish species Threatened Fish species Arab region **European Union** World 14.4 By 2020, effectively 672 number of fish species that 742 number of fish species that 8,233 number of fish regulate harvesting and end were threatened in 2018 were threatened in 2018 species that were overfishing, illegal, threatened in 2018 unreported and unregulated fishing and destructive fishing practices and restore fish stocks 14.5x Marine protected areas as a proportion of territorial waters Arab region **European Union** World Marine areas **(** 14.5 By 2020, conserve 2% of territorial waters were 23% of territorial waters were 11% of territorial waters at least 10 per cent of marine protected areas in 2018 marine protected areas in 2019 were marine protected coastal and marine areas, areas in 2019 consistent with national and international law and based on the best available +1% since 2000 +1 since 2000 +3% since 2016 scientific information



**SDG 15.** Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss

15.1.1 Forest area as p	roportion of land area			
Forest area	15.1 By 2020, ensure the conservation, restoration and sustainable use of terrestrial and inland freshwater ecosystems and	Arab region 3% of land area was forest in 2020	European Union 40% of land area was forest in 2020	<b>World</b> 31% of land area was forest in 2020
	their services	-1% since 2000	0.2% since 2000	-0.1% since 2000
15.2.1 Forest area net o	change rate			
Change in forests  Change in forests	15.2 By 2020, promote the implementation of sustainable management of all types of forests, and substantially increase afforestation and	Arab region -0.6% of net change in forest area in 2020	Europe 0.1% of net change in forest area in 2020	World -0.1% of net change in forest area in 2020
	reforestation globally	+2% since 2010	-7% since 2010	-1% since 2010

15.2.1 Proportion of forest area within legally established protected areas					
Protected forests  Protected forests	15.2 By 2020, promote the implementation of sustainable management of all types of forests, halt deforestation, restore degraded forests and substantially increase afforestation and	Arab region 18% of legally established protected areas were forest in 2020	European Union 20% of legally established protected areas were forest in 2020	World 18% of legally established protected areas were forest in 2020	
	reforestation globally	+2% since 2000	+3% since 2000	+1% since 2000	
15.2.1 Proportion of fore	est area with a long-term manag	ement plan			
Forest management  Forest management	15.2 By 2020, promote the implementation of sustainable management of all types of forests, halt deforestation, restore degraded forests and substantially increase	Arab region 33% of forest area was with a long-term management plan in 2020	European Union 80% of forest area was with a long-term management plan in 2020	World 58% of forest area was with a long-term management plan in 2020	
	afforestation and reforestation globally	+3% since 2000	-0.05% since 2000	+1% since 2000	
15.4.2 Mountain Green	Cover Index				
Mountain green cover	15.4 By 2030, ensure the conservation of mountain ecosystems, including their biodiversity	Arab region 42% was the mountain green cover index in 2017	North America 83% was the mountain green cover index in 2017	World 76% was the mountain green cover index in 2017	

15.6.1 Countries that are parties to the Nagoya Protocol					
Nagoya Protocol  Nagoya Protocol	15.6 Promote fair and equitable sharing of the benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and promote appropriate access to such resources as internationally	Arab region* 52% of reporting countries were parties to the Nagoya Protocol in 2012	<b>Europe</b> 59% of countries were parties to the Nagoya Protocol in 2019	<b>World</b> 63% of countries were parties to the Nagoya Protocol in 2019	
	agreed		+1% since 2015	+12% since 2015	
15.6.1 Countries that are	e contracting Parties to the Inter	national Treaty on Plant Genetic Re	sources for Food and Agriculture	(PGRFA)	
PGRFA PGRFA	15.6 Promote fair and equitable sharing of the benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and promote appropriate access to such resources as internationally	Arab region* 82% of countries were contracting parties to PGRFA treaty in 2019	Central Asia* 100% of countries were contracting parties to PGRFA treaty in 2019	World* 74% of countries were contracting parties to PGRFA treaty in 2019	
	agreed	+1% since 2012	0% since 2012	+2% since 2012	

15.6.1 Countries that have legislative, administrative and policy framework or measures reported through the Online Reporting System on Compliance of the International Treaty on Plant Genetic Resources for Food and Agriculture (PGRFA)

#### **Online Reporting** Arab region\* Europe World System 29% of countries reported 27% of countries reported 30% of countries reported 15.6 Promote fair and through the Online Reporting through the Online Reporting through the Online Reporting equitable sharing of the System on PGRFA in 2019 System on PGRFA in 2019 System on PGRFA in 2019 benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and promote appropriate access to such resources as internationally +13% since 2016 +47% since 2016 agreed 15.6.1 Countries that have legislative, administrative and policy framework or measures reported to the Access and Benefit-Sharing Clearing-House Arab region\* Access and Benefit-World Europe (6) **Sharing Clearing-**24% of countries reported to the 52% of countries reported to 32% of countries reported to 15.6 Promote fair and House Access and Benefit-Sharing the Access and Benefitthe Access and Benefitequitable sharing of the Sharing Clearing-House in Clearing-House in 2019 Sharing Clearing-House in benefits arising from the **₩** ABSCH 2019 2019 utilization of genetic resources and promote appropriate access to such resources as internationally agreed

<sup>\*</sup> Calculated by ESCWA Statistics Division.



SDG 16. Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels

#### 16.1.1 Number of victims of intentional homicide per 100,000 population International Arab region **Europe and North America** World homicides 4 per 100,000 of population were 4 per 100,000 of population 6 per 100,000 of population 16.1 Significantly were victims of homicide in victims of homicide in 2015 were victims of homicide in reduce all forms of violence 2015 2015 and related death rates evervwhere -4% since 2000 -1% since 2000 +1% since 2000 16.2.1 Proportion of children aged 1-14 year who experienced any physical punishment and/or psychological aggression by caregivers in the past month Children punishment Arab region **Central Asia** World 83% of children who 16.2 End abuse. 58% of children who 79% of children who



exploitation, trafficking and all forms of violence against torture of children

experienced violence towards them in 2019

experienced violence towards them in 2019

experienced violence towards them in 2019

### 16.5.2 Bribery incidence

#### **Bribery incidence**



16.5 Substantially reduce corruption and bribery in all their forms

#### Arab region

21% of firms that experienced at least one bribery payment in 2019

#### **European Union**

4% of firms that experienced at least one bribery payment in 2019

#### World

17% of firms that experienced at least one bribery payment in 2019

16.9.1 Proportion of children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority				
Registered children  Registered children	16.9 By 2030, provide legal identity for all, including birth registration	Arab region 87% of children under 5 years whose births were registered with a civil authority in 2019	North America 100% of children under 5 years whose births were registered with a civil authority in 2019	World 73% of children under 5 years whose births were registered with a civil authority in 2019
16.a.1 Countries with Na	ational Human Rights Institutions	s in compliance with the Paris Princ	iples	
Human Rights  Human Rights	16.a Strengthen relevant national institutions to prevent violence and combat terrorism and crime	Arab region* 23% of countries in full compliance with Paris principles in 2019 +5% since 2000	Australia and New Zealand 100% of countries in full compliance with Paris principles in 2019  0% since 2000	World 40% of countries in full compliance with Paris principles in 2019 +5% since 2000
16.a.1 Proportion of cou	ntries that applied for accreditati	on as independent National Human I	Rights Institutions in compliance wi	th the Paris Principles (%)
Accreditation of independence	16.a Strengthen relevant national institutions to prevent violence and combat terrorism and crime	Arab region* 55% of countries applied for accreditation in compliance with the Paris Principles in 2019	Europe 75% of countries applied for accreditation in compliance with the Paris Principles in 2019	World 60% of countries applied for accreditation in compliance with the Paris Principles in 2019
independence		+9% since 2000	+5% since 2000	+5% since 2000

<sup>\*</sup> Calculated by ESCWA Statistics Division.



## **SDG 17.** Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the Global Partnership for Sustainable Development

17.3.2 Personal remitta	17.3.2 Personal remittances received as a proportion of GDP				
Remittances  Remittances	17.3 Mobilize addititonal financial resources for developing countries from multiple sources	Arab region 2% of GDP was personal remittances received in 2019 -1% since 2005	European Union 1% of GDP was personal remittances received in 2019 +3% since 2005	World  1% of GDP was personal remittances received in 2019  +2% since 2005	
17.6.1 Fixed internet bro	padband subscriptions per 100 in	habitants			
Broadband subscriptions  Broadband subscriptions	17.6 Enhance access to science, technology and innovation and enhance knowledge-sharing	Arab region 8 per 100 inhabitants were with fixed broadband subscription in 2019	Europe 32 per 100 inhabitants were with fixed broadband subscription in 2019	World 15 per 100 inhabitants were with fixed broadband subscription in 2019	
		+24% since 2005	+8% since 2005	+10% since 2005	
17.8.1 Internet users pe	r 100 inhabitants				
Internet users  Internet users	17.8 Enhance the use of enabling technology, in particular information and communications technology	Arab region 52 per 100 inhabitants were internet users in 2019	Europe 83 per 100 inhabitants were internet users in 2019	World 54 per 100 inhabitants were internet users in 2019	
	- Communications to common gy	+13% since 2005	+4% since 2005	+8% since 2005	

17.11.1 Developing countries and least developed countries' share of global services imports				
Imports of global services  Imports of global services	17.11 Significantly increase the exports of developing countries, in particular with a view to doubling the least developed countries' share of global exports by 2020	Arab region 6% of global service imports was the share of developing countries in 2018	European Union 39% of global service imports was the share of developing countries in 2018	World 100% of global service imports was the share of developing countries in 2018
		+2% since 2000	-0.4% since 2000	0% since 2000
17.11.1 Developing cou	ntries and least developed count	tries share of global services export	ts	
Exports of global services  Exports of global services	17.11 Significantly increase the exports of developing countries, in particular with a view to doubling the least developed countries' share of global exports by 2020	Arab region  4% of global service exports was the share of developing countries in 2018	European Union  44% of global service exports  was the share of developing  countries in 2018	<b>World</b> 100% share of global services exports in 2018
		+3% since 2000	-0.1% since 2000	0% since 2000

17.11.1 Developing cou	17.11.1 Developing countries and least developed countries share of global merchandise imports				
Imports of global parchandise do	17.11 Significantly increase the exports of developing countries, in particular with a view to doubling the least developed countries' share of global	Arab region 4% of global merchandise imports was the share of developing countries in 2019	European Union 29% of global merchandise imports was the share of developing countries in 2019	World 100% of global merchandise imports was the share of developing countries in 2019	
	exports by 2020	+3% since 2000	-1% since 2000	0% since 2000	
17.11.1 Developing coul	ntries and least developed count	ries share of global merchandise ex	xports		
Exports of global merchandise  Exports of global merchandise	17.11 Significantly increase the exports of developing countries, in particular with a view to doubling the least developed countries' share of global	Arab region 5% of global merchandise exports was the share of developing countries in 2019	European Union 31% of global merchandise exports was the share of developing countries in 2019	World 100% of global merchandise exports was the share of developing countries in 2019	
	exports by 2020	+1% since 2000	-0.4% since 2000	0% since 2000	
17.18.2 Countries with n	national statistical legislation exis	sts that complies with the Fundame	ntal Principles of Official Statistics	(FPoS)	
Statistical legislation  Statistical legislation	17.18 By 2020, enhance capacity-building support to increase significantly the availability of high-quality, timely and reliable data	Arab region* 76% of the reporting countries had national statistical legislation in compliance with FPoS 2019	Europe 91% of the reporting countries had national statistical legislation in compliance with FPoS 2019	World 68% of the reporting countries had national statistical legislation in compliance with FPoS 2019	

17.18.3 Countries with	national statistical plans that are	fully funded		
Funded statistical plans  Funded statistical plans	17.18 By 2020, enhance capacity-building support to increase significantly the availability of high-quality, timely and reliable data	Arab region* 53% of the reporting countries had fully funded national statistical plans in 2019	Europe  80% of the reporting countries had fully funded national statistical plans in 2019	World 47% of the reporting countries had fully funded national statistical plans in 2019
17.18.3 Countries with	national statistical plans that are	under implementation		
Implementation of statistical plans  Implementation of statistical plans	17.18 By 2020, enhance capacity-building support to increase significantly the availability of high-quality, timely and reliable data	Arab region* 74% of the reporting countries had national statistical under implementation in 2019	Europe 84% of the reporting countries had national statistical under implementation in 2019	World 72% of the reporting countries had national statistical under implementation in 2019
17.18.3 Countries with	national statistical plans with fun	ding from donors		
Donor-funded statistical plans  Donor-funded statistical plans	17.18 By 2020, enhance capacity-building support to increase significantly the availability of high-quality, timely and reliable data	Arab region* 100% of the reporting countries had national statistical plans funded from donors in 2019	Europe  20% of the reporting countries had national statistical plans funded from donors in 2019	World 29% of the reporting countries had national statistical plans funded from donors in 2019

17.18.3 Countries with r	national statistical plans with fun	ding from Government		
Government-funded statistical plans  Government-funded statistical plans	17.18 By 2020, enhance capacity-building support to increase significantly the availability of high-quality, timely and reliable data	Arab region*  100% of the reporting countries had national statistical plans funded from Governments in 2019	Europe 20% of the reporting countries had national statistical plans funded from Governments in 2019	World 29% of the reporting countries had national statistical plans funded from Governments in 2019
17.19.2 Countries with b	oirth registration data that are at	least 90 percent complete		
Birth registration  Birth registration	17.19 By 2030 support statistical capacity-building in developing countries	Arab region* 75% of the reporting countries had at least 90% of birth registration completed in 2018	Europe 96% of the reporting countries had at least 90% of birth registration completed in 2018	World 60% of the reporting countries had at least 90% of birth registration completed in 2018
		+7% since 2015	-1% since 2015	+2% since 2015
17.19.2 Countries that h	ave conducted at least one popu	lation and housing census in the la	st 10 years	
Population and housing census  Population and housing census	17.19 By 2030 support statistical capacity-building in developing countries	Arab region* 59% of the reporting countries conducted at least one population and housing census in 2017	Europe and North America 96% of the reporting countries conducted at least one population and housing census in 2019	World 86% of the reporting countries conducted at least one population and housing census in 2019
17.19.2 Countries with a	leath registration data that are a	t least 75 percent complete		
Death registration  Death registration	17.19 By 2030 support statistical capacity-building in developing countries	Arab region* 67% of the reporting countries had at least 75% of death registration completed in 2018	Europe 96% of the reporting countries had at least 75% of death registration completed in 2018	World 62% of the reporting countries had at least 75% of death registration completed in 2018
* Calculated by ESCWA Sta		+4% since 2015	-0.5% since 2015	+2% since 2015

<sup>\*</sup> Calculated by ESCWA Statistics Division.

## Annex I. List of indicators and sources of data

SDG	Indicator	Source
SDG 1 No poverty	<ul> <li>1.1.1 Proportion of population below international poverty line</li> <li>1.1.1 Employed population below international poverty line</li> <li>1.2x Adult Illiteracy</li> <li>1.3x Vulnerable employment</li> <li>1.4.1 Proportion of population using basic drinking water services</li> <li>1.4.1 Proportion of population using basic sanitation services</li> <li>1.4x Employment in agriculture</li> </ul>	World Bank ILO ESCWA and UIS UNESCO ILO UNICEF/WHO JMP, SDG Global Database UNICEF/WHO JMP, SDG Global Database ILO
SDG 2 End hunger	2.1.1 Prevalence of undernourishment 2.1.2 Prevalence of moderate or severe food insecurity 2.1.2 Prevalence of severe food insecurity 2.5.1 Plant breeds for which sufficient genetic resources are stored 2.a.1 Agriculture orientation index for government expenditures 2.ax Agriculture, forestry, and fishing, value added 2.c.1 Consumer Food Price Index	FAO FAO FAO FAO FAO, SDG Global Database World Bank, FAO
SDG 3 Good Health and Well-Being	<ul> <li>3.1.1 Maternal mortality ratio</li> <li>3.1.2 Proportion of births attended by skilled health personnel</li> <li>3.2.1 Under-five mortality rate</li> <li>3.2.1 Infant mortality rate</li> <li>3.2.2 Neonatal mortality rate</li> </ul>	World Bank ESCWA, SDG Global Database World Bank World Bank World Bank

SDG	Indicator	Source
	3.3.1 Number of new HIV infections per 1,000 uninfected population 3.3.2 Tuberculosis incidence 3.3.3 Malaria incidence per 1,000 population at risk 3.4.2 Suicide mortality rate 3.5.2 Harmful use of alcohol, defined according to the national context as alcohol per capita consumption (aged 15 years and older) within a calendar year in litres of pure alcohol 3.6.1 Death rate due to road traffic injuries 3.7.1 Proportion of women of reproductive age (aged 15-49 years) who have their need for family planning satisfied with modern methods 3.7.2 Adolescent birth rate per 1,000 women age 15-19 3.8.1 Coverage of essential health services 3.9.1 Age-standardized mortality rate attributed to household and ambient air pollution 3.9.2 Mortality rate attributed to unsafe water, unsafe sanitation and lack of hygiene 3.9.3 Mortality rate attributed to unintentional poisoning 3.b.1 Proportion of the target population with access to 3 doses of diphtheriatetanus-pertussis (DTP3) 3.b.1 Proportion of the target population with access to measles-containing-vaccine second-dose (MCV2) 3.d.1 International Health Regulations (IHR) capacity, using the SPAR tool	UNAIDS, SDG Global Database WHO, SDG Global Database WHO, SDG Global Database World Bank WHO, SDG Global Database World Bank UNDESA, SDG Global Database UNDESA World Bank WHO WHO
SDG 4 Quality Education	<ul> <li>4.1x School enrollment, secondary</li> <li>4.2.2 Participation rate in organized learning</li> <li>4.2x Children out of primary school</li> <li>4.a.1 Proportion of schools with access to electricity</li> </ul>	World Bank UIS UNESCO World Bank UIS UNESCO UIS UNESCO

SDG	Indicator	Source
	<ul> <li>4.a.1 Proportion of schools with access to computers for pedagogical purposes, by education level</li> <li>4.a.1 Schools with access to basic drinking water, by education level</li> <li>4.a.1 Schools with basic handwashing facilities, by education level</li> <li>4.a.1 Schools with access to access to single-sex basic sanitation, by education level</li> <li>4.a.1 Schools with access to the internet for pedagogical purposes, by education level</li> <li>4.a.1 Schools with access to the internet for pedagogical purposes, by education level</li> <li>4.c.1 Proportion of secondary teachers in who have received at least the minimum organized teacher training</li> </ul>	UIS UNESCO UIS UNESCO UIS UNESCO UIS UNESCO UIS UNESCO
SDG 5 Gender Equality	<ul> <li>5.3.1 Proportion of women aged 20-24 years who were married or in a union before age 18</li> <li>5.3.1 Proportion of women aged 20-24 years who were married or in a union before age 15</li> <li>5.3.2 Proportion of girls and women aged 15-49 years who have undergone female genital mutilation/cutting</li> <li>5.5.1 Proportion of seats held by women in national parliaments</li> <li>5.5.2 Proportion of women in managerial positions</li> <li>5.6.1 Proportion of women aged 15-49 years who make their own informed decisions regarding sexual relations, contraceptive use and reproductive health care</li> <li>5.6.1 Proportion of women who make their own informed decisions regarding contraceptive use</li> <li>5.6.1 Proportion of women who make their own informed decisions regarding reproductive health care</li> <li>5.6.1 Proportion of women who make their own informed decisions regarding reproductive health care</li> <li>5.6.1 Proportion of women who make their own informed decisions regarding reproductive health care</li> </ul>	UNICEF UNICEF UNICEF World Bank UN Women, SDG Global Database ILO UNFPA, SDG Global Database

SDG	Indicator	Source
	5.6.2 Number of countries with laws and regulations that guarantee full and equal access to women and men aged 15 years and older to sexual and reproductive health care, information and education	
SDG 6 Clean Water and Sanitation	<ul> <li>6.2.1 Proportion of population using safely managed sanitation services</li> <li>6.2.1 Proportion of population using safely managed sanitation services, including a handwashing facility with soap and water</li> <li>6.2.1 Proportion of population practicing open defecation</li> <li>6.4.2 Level of water stress: freshwater withdrawal as a proportion of available freshwater resources</li> <li>6.5.1 Degree of integrated water resources management implementation</li> <li>6.6.1 Water body extent (permanent and maybe permanent)</li> </ul>	UNICEF/WHO JMP, SDG Global Database UNICEF/WHO JMP, SDG Global Database UNICEF/WHO JMP, SDG Global Database UNEP, SDG Global Database FAO UNEP, SDG Global Database
SDG 7 Affordable and Clean Energy	<ul> <li>7.1.1 Proportion of population with access to Electricity</li> <li>7.1.2 Proportion of population with primary reliance on clean fuels and technology</li> <li>7.2.1 Renewable energy share in the total final energy consumption</li> <li>7.3.1 Energy intensity level of primary energy</li> </ul>	World Bank WHO, SDG Global Database IEA, SDG Global Database IEA, SDG Global Database
SDG 8  Decent Work and Economic Growth	<ul> <li>8.1.1 Annual growth rate of real GDP per capita</li> <li>8.2.1 Annual growth rate of real GDP per employed person</li> <li>8.4.1 Material footprint material footprint per GDP</li> <li>8.4.2 Domestic material consumption per capita</li> <li>8.4.2 Domestic material consumption per unit of GDP</li> <li>8.5.2 Unemployment, total</li> <li>8.6.1 Youth not in education, employment or training</li> <li>8.10.1 Number of commercial bank branches per 100,000 adults</li> <li>8.10.1 Number of automated teller machines (ATMs) per 100,000 adults</li> </ul>	ILO, SDG Global Database ILO UNEP, SDG Global Database UNEP, SDG Global Database UNEP, SDG Global Database ILO ILO World Bank World Bank World Bank

SDG	Indicator	Source
	8.10.2 Account ownership at a financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider	
SDG 9 Industry, Innovation and infrastructure	9.2.1 Manufacturing value added as a proportion of GDP 9.2.1 Manufacturing value added per capita 9.2.2 Manufacturing employment as proportion of total employment 9.4.1 Carbon dioxide emissions per unit of manufacturing value 9.5.1 Research and development expenditure as a proportion of GDP 9.5.2 Researchers (in full-time equivalent) per million inhabitants 9.b.1 Proportion of medium and high-tech industry value added in total value added 9.c.1 Proportion of population covered by mobile network	UNIDO, SDG Global Database UNIDO, SDG Global Database UNIDO, SDG Global Database UNIDO, SDG Global Database UIS UNESCO UIS UNESCO UNIDO, SDG Global Database ITU
SDG 10 Reduced inequalities	<ul><li>10.4.1 Labor share of GDP, comprising wages and social protection transfers</li><li>10.b.1x Net official development assistance and official aid received</li><li>10.cx Personal remittances, received</li></ul>	ILO World Bank World Bank
SDG 11 Sustainable Cities and Communities	<ul><li>11.1.1 Proportion of urban population living in slums</li><li>11.6.2 Annual mean levels of fine particulate matter in cities</li><li>11.5.1x Internally displaced persons, new displacement associated with disasters</li></ul>	UN Habitat World Bank World Bank
SDG 12 Responsible Consumption and Production	12.2.1 Material footprint material footprint per GDP 12.2.2 Domestic material consumption per capita 12.2.2 Domestic material consumption per unit of GDP 12.4.1 Number of parties in compliance with Stockholm Convention 12.4.1 Number of parties in compliance with Basel Convention 12.4.1 Number of parties in Compliance with Rotterdam Convention 12.4.1 Parties meeting their commitments and obligations in transmitting information as required by Montreal Protocol on hazardous waste, and other chemicals	UNEP, SDG Global Database UNEP, SDG Global Database UNEP, SDG Global Database UNEP UNEP UNEP UNEP UNEP ESCWA, SDG Global Database

SDG	Indicator	Source
	12.4.1 Parties meeting their commitments and obligations in transmitting information as required by Minamata Convention on hazardous waste, and other chemicals 12.4.2 Electronic waste recycling, per capita 12.4.2 Electronic waste generated, per capita 12.c.1 Fossil-fuel pre-tax subsidies (consumption and production) as a proportion of total GDP 12.c.1 Fossil-fuel pre-tax subsidies (consumption and production) per capita	UNEP, SDG Global Database UNEP, SDG Global Database UNEP, SDG Global Database UNEP, SDG Global Database
SDG 13 Climate Change SDG 14 Life Below Water	13.1x Internally displaced persons, new displacement associated with disasters 13.2x Total greenhouse gas emissions in million kt of CO <sub>2</sub> 13.2x CO <sub>2</sub> emissions 13.2x Renewable energy consumption (% of total final consumption) 14.4x Fish species Threatened 14.5.1x Marine protected areas	World Bank World Bank World Bank IEA, SDG Global Database World Bank World Bank
SDG 15 Life on Land	15.1.1 Forest area 15.1.2x Terrestrial protected areas 15.2.1 Forest area net change rate 15.2.1 Proportion of forest area within legally established protected areas 15.2.1 Proportion of forest area with a long-term management plan 15.4.2 Mountain Green Cover Index 15.6.1 Countries that are contracting Parties to the International Treaty on Plant Genetic Resources for Food and Agriculture (PGRFA) 15.6.1 Countries that have legislative, administrative and policy framework or measures reported through the Online Reporting System on Compliance of the International Treaty on Plant Genetic Resources for Food and Agriculture (PGRFA) 15.6.1 Countries that are parties to the Nagoya Protocol	FAO World Bank FAO FAO FAO FAO ESCWA, SDG Global Database ESCWA, SDG Global Database ESCWA, SDG Global Database ESCWA, SDG Global Database

SDG	Indicator	Source
	15.6.1 Countries that have legislative, administrative and policy framework or measures reported to the Access and Benefit-Sharing Clearing-House	
SDG 16 Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	16.1.1 Number of victims of intentional homicide per 100,000 population 16.2.1 Proportion of children aged 1-14 year who experienced any physical punishment and/or psychological aggression by caregivers in the past month 16.5.2 Bribery incidence 16.9.1 Proportion of children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority 16.a.1 Proportion of countries that applied for accreditation as independent National Human Rights Institutions in compliance with the Paris Principles	UNODC, SDG Global Database UNICEF, SDG Global Database World Bank UNICEF, SDG Global Database ESCWA, OHCR ESCWA, OHCR ESCWA, OHCR
SDG 17 Partnership s for the Goals	17.3.2 Personal remittances, received 17.6.1 Fixed internet broadband subscriptions 17.8.1 Internet users per 100 inhabitants 17.11.1 Developing countries and least developed countries share of global services imports 17.11.1 Developing countries and least developed countries share of global services exports 17.11.1 Developing countries and least developed countries share of global merchandise exports 17.11.1 Developing countries and least developed countries share of global merchandise imports 17.18.2 Countries with national statistical legislation exists that complies with the Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics 17.18.3 Countries with national statistical plans that are fully funded 17.18.3 Countries with national statistical plans that are under implementation 17.18.3 Countries with national statistical plans with funding from donors	World Bank ITU ITU UNTCAD, SDG Global Database OECD ESCWA, SDG Global Database

SDG	Indicator	Source
	17.18.3 Countries with national statistical plans with funding from Government	ESCWA, SDG Global Database
	17.19.2 Countries with birth registration data that are at least 90 percent complete	
	17.19.2 Countries that have conducted at least one population and housing census in the last 10 years	
	17.19.2 Countries with death registration data that are at least 75 percent complete	

## Annex II. Regional groupings

Americas: Antigua and Barbuda Argentina Bahamas Barbados Belize Bolivia Brazil Canada Chile Colombia Costa Rica Cuba Dominica Dominican Republic Ecuador El Salvador Grenada Guatemala Guyana Haiti Honduras Jamaica Mexico Nicaragua Panama Paraguay Peru Saint Kitts and Nevis Saint Lucia Saint Vincent and the Grenadines Suriname Trinidad and Tobago United States of America Uruguay Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of) IPU's regional groupings: http://archive.ipu.org/wmn-e/new-groups.pdf.

**Arab Region:** Jordan, Palestine, Syria, Lebanon, Morocco, Mauritania, Algeria, Tunisia, Libya, Sudan, Somalia, Egypt, Saudi Arabia, Yemen, Oman, Qatar, Bahrain, Kuwait, the Comoros Islands, Iraq, Djibouti, and the United Arab Emirates.

North America: Bermuda, Canada, United States.

**Europe:** United Kingdom, Ukraine, Switzerland, Sweden, Spain, Slovenia, Serbia, San Marino, Russia, Romania, Portugal, Poland, Norway, North Macedonia, Netherlands, Montenegro, Monaco, Maldova, Malta, Luxembourg, Lithuania, Latvia, Italy, Ireland, Iceland, Hungary, Holy See, Greece, Germany, France, Finland, Estonia, Denmark, Czech Republic (Czechia), Croatia, Bulgaria, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Belgium, Belarus, Austria, Andorra, Albania.

**Europe and North America:** United Kingdom, Ukraine, Switzerland, Sweden, Spain, Slovenia, Serbia, San Marino, Russia, Romania, Portugal, Poland, Norway, North Macedonia, Netherlands, Montenegro, Monaco, Maldova, Malta, Luxembourg, Lithuania, Latvia, Italy, Ireland, Iceland, Hungary, Holy See, Greece, Germany, France, Finland, Estonia, Denmark, Czech Republic (Czechia), Croatia, Bulgaria, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Belgium, Belarus, Austria, Andorra, Albania, Bermuda, Canada, United States.

**European Union:** Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovak Republic, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom.

**Latin America and Caribbean:** Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Aruba, Bahamas, The, Barbados, Belize, Bolivia, Brazil, British Virgin Islands, Cayman Islands, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Curacao, Dominica, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Grenada, Guatemala, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Jamaica, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Puerto Rico, Sint Maarten (Dutch part), St. Kitts and Nevis, St. Lucia, St. Martin (French part), St. Vincent and the Grenadines,

Suriname, Trinidad and Tobago, Turks and Caicos Islands, Uruguay, Venezuela, RB, Virgin Islands (U.S.).

**East Africa:** Kenya, Uganda, Tanzania, Rwanda, Burundi, Ethiopia, South Sudan, Djibouti, Eritrea, and Somalia.

**South Asia**: Afghanistan, Bangladesh, India, Iraq, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Maldives, Nepal, Pakistan, Sri Lanka, Uzbekistan.

Central Asia: Afghanistan, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Uzbekistan.

**Middle East and North Africa**: Algeria, Bahrain, Djibouti, Egypt, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Morocco, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, State of Palestine, Sudan, Syrian Arab Republic, Tunisia, United Arab Emirates, Yemen.

